Learning Goal:

• I will be able to paraphrase, summarize, and quote source material appropriately using MLA citations.
Plagiarism

1. Failing to cite quotations and borrowed ideas.
2. Failing to enclose borrowed language in quotation marks.
3. Failing to put summaries and paraphrases in your own words.

(Hacker, 376)
Why Cite Sources?

• Give readers access to your sources.

• Give credit to the writers from whom you’ve borrowed ideas or words.

• Strengthens your paper by incorporating facts or the opinions of experts.

(Hacker, 376)
To Avoid Plagiarism

• Always cite your sources.

• Put information into your own words.

• Use quotation marks around any borrowed language.
Using Sources

• Writers relate source material to their own argument by syntactically embedding particular quoted, paraphrased, or summarized information from one or more sources into their own ideas.
Citing Sources Using MLA Style

• In-text citation
  • Signal phrase that names author and gives credentials
  • Page number in parentheses
  • For example: According to Dr. Ellen Smith, director of research and development at Johnson and Johnson, baby shampoo can be used on adults (152).

• Works Cited Page
  • Publication information about the source